APES- Carbon Cycle and the Greenhouse Effect go to:

http://www.esrl.noaa.gov/gmd/education/carbon_toolkit/basics.html

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Influential Greenhouse Gases: For each of the following, list WHAT they are, WHERE they are found and HOW they affect climate

Carbon Dioxide (CO2): Colorless, odorless gas comprised of 2 oxygen, and 1 carbon atom.

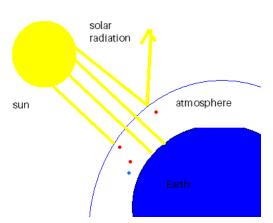
Found in combusted organic matter and respiration. Saturates in water and creates dead zones.

Methane (CH4): Colorless, odorless gas comprised of 4 hydrogen, and 1 carbon atom.

Combustible, found in decomposing organic matter and as natural gas. Major greenhouse gas that heats up atmosphere dramatically

Nitrous Oxide (N2O): Colorless, non-flammable gas with sweet odor. N2O is produced in oceans and rainforests naturally. Man-made processes such as the use of fertilizer and nylon production produce N2O. Broken down in the atmosphere by chemical reactions by sunlight **Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF6):** Potent greenhouse gas, very persistent (<1,000 year lifetime). SF6 is man-made, and is found in electrical insulation, current interruption, and arc quenching. Stays in atmosphere longer, thus affects atmosphere more

Draw a diagram and label to EXPLAIN the greenhouse effect:



The greenhouse effect refers to the warming of the Earth's atmosphere due to the absorption of radiation in certain gases, which reaches the Earth's surface as heat.

Explain how the <u>Carbon Cycle</u> is involved in global climate change:

-The carbon cycle is involved in global climate change because it cycles Carbon Dioxide in both sources and sinks. Sinks absorb CO2, and Sources emit CO2. More sources and less sinks can lead to more CO2, and more climate change.

What are Carbon SOURCES and SINKS?

-Sources are processes which release CO2, Sinks are processes that remove CO2.

How does deforestation increase the amount of CO2 in the atmosphere? Explain.

-Since trees act as carbon sinks during photosynthesis, deforestation would increase the amount of CO2 in the atmosphere because more CO2 will have less sinks to be absorbed into.

How do the oceans absorb excess CO2 from the atmosphere and how does this affect the oceans?

-Oceans absorb excess CO2 because it is highly soluble in water. Since water can store CO2 so easily, much of it remains in oceans and acidifies the ocean, which in turn harms organisms.

Explain how the *industrial revolution* has increased the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.

-The industrial revolution increased CO2 in the atmosphere because it popularized fossil fuel usage in order to supply the growing population. Fossil fuel burning caused CO2 to increase dramatically.

According to the graph, which country is the biggest contributor to global carbon emissions worldwide?

-China